Human Resource Management

Outline

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Management

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Human Resource Management

Definition 1 – Integration

HRM is a series of integrated decisions that form the employment relationships; their quality contributes to the ability of the organizations and the employees to achieve their objectives



Human Resource Management

Definition 2- Influencing

• HRM is concerned with the people dimensions management. Since every organization is made up of people ,acquiring their services, developing their skills, motivating them to higher levels of performance and ensuring that they continue to maintain their commitment to the organization are essential to achieving organizational objectives.

This is true regardless of the type of the organization- govt, business education, health, recreational or social action

Definition 3 Applicability

• HRM is planning, organizing directing and controlling of the procurement, development, compensation, integration, maintenance, and separation of human resources to the end that individual, organizational and social objectives are accomplished.

Core Elements of HRM

Organizations -----People ----- Management



Meaning of HRM

It is concerned with management of people from **Recruitment to Retirement**

To select right person, at the right place for the right job.



HRM	PM
People as important assets who	People as a tool behavior of
could be used for the benefit of	whom could be manipulated
organization and society	for benefit of the organization
	and replaced when worn out
	this department was not
	treated with respect
Aiming at policies and	One way traffic
promoting mutuality – goals,	
respect, rewards &	
responsibilities	
In turn better economic	Emphasis on only performance
performance and greater HRD	

A part of strategic business Not considered a part Eg – ICICI Bank every unit of ICICI Bank is a profit making center New add-ons like training A routine activity meant to hire new employees having programmes could be invoked in HRM fixed grades & to maintain personnel records.

Table 1.1 draws the line of separation between HRM and PM quite clearly.

Another term widely used these days is HRD. For many people, HRD and HRM convey the same meaning. This may not be true. Essentially, HRD is a function more concerned with training and development, career planning and development, performance and potential appraisal, counselling, succession planning, and welfare. HRD, therefore, is a part of HRM (see Fig. 1.5).

Table 1.1 Differences between HRM and PM

	Dimension	Personnel Management	Human Resource Management
1.	Employment contract	Careful delineation of written contracts	Aim to go beyond contract.
2.	Rules	Importance of devising clear rules	Can do outlook, impatience with rule
3.	Guide to management action	Procedures	Business need
4.	Behaviour referent	Norms/customs and practices	Values/mission
5.	Managerial task vis-à-vis labour	Monitoring	Nurturing
6.	Key relations	Labour management	Customer
7.	Initiatives	Piecemeal	Integrated
8.	Speed of decision	Slow	Fast
9.	Management role	Transactional	Transformational leadership
10.	Communication	Indirect	Direct
11.	Prized management skills	Negotiation	Facilitation
12.	Selection	Separate, marginal task	Integrated, key task
13.	Pay	Job evaluation (fixed grades)	Performance related
14.	Conditions	Separately negotiated	Harmonisation
15.	Labour management	Collective-bargaining contracts	Individual contracts
16.	Job categories and grades	Many	Few
17.	Job design	Division of labour	Team work
18.	Conflict handling	Reach temporary truce	Manage climate and culture
19.	Training and development	Controlled access to courses	Learning companies
20.	Focus of attention for interventions	Personnel procedures	Wide-ranging cultural, structural and personnel strategies
21.	Respect for employees	Labour is treated as a tool which is expendable and replaceable	People are treated as assets to be used for the benefit of an organisation,
			its employees and the society as a whole
22.	Shared interests	Interests of the organisation are uppermost	Mutuality of interests
23.	Evolution	Precedes HRM	Latest in the evolution of the subject

Industrial Relations Management (IRM) is yet another term which adds to the problem of semantics. 'Industrial relations', as the term implies, is merely concerned with employee grievances and their settlement, unionisation, and the like. Obviously, IRM is one wing of HRM (see Fig. 1.5).

HRM Objectives	Supporting Functions			
Societal Objectives	Legal Compliance			
SAILs basic objective is customer satisfaction	Benefits			
	Union Management Relations			
Organizational Objectives	HRP			
TVS Suzuki- emphasis of the company are	Employee Relations			
People and quality through quality	Selection			
circles	Training and Development			
	Appraisal			
	Placement			
	Assessment			
Functional Objectives	Appraisal			
Reliance – KRA based on PMS & career mapping	Placement			
exercise, Mfg leadership prog for its senior execs in association with Hewitt				
	Assessment			
Personal Objectives	Training and Development			
Eg- DuPont Nylon – a development	Appraisal, Placement, Compensation			
Center created for employees, team bldg				

SCOPE OF HRM

HRM starts from the employees entry till the exit of the same and hence covers everything under the sun

Activities

- HR Planning
- ❖ Job Analysis JD &JS- Eg Wipro implicit JA & Nirma explicit
- ❖ Job Design eg- Bajaj Auto- job rotation and job enrichment
- Employees Hiring -- Recruitment & Selection
- Orientation & Placement, Training & Development eg Dupoint Saint Goabain Satyam –team work practiced, Punjab Tractor-Indvidual

SCOPE OF HRM

- ❖ Employee and Executive Remuneration Eg-infosys prefers low base of salary& individual negotiation, L&T prefers collective bargaining
- Employee Maintenance Motivation, Communication eg BPOs ,Reliance – PLI for its employees with international cons, Google
- Performance Appraisals, Job Evaluation Eg- Polaris & Bajaj Auto- 1-behaviour 2.on results

❖ Industrial Relations – Welfare, Safety& Health eg ONGC,

Role of HRM

- *Advisory Role
- Personnel Policies
- Personnel Procedures
- Functional Role
- Service Role

Eg – Google

HR Managers Today

Humanitarian Role

Counselor

Mediator Spokesman Problem Solver Change Agent

Future

Enhancement of Human & Non Human Resources Maximization of people to achieve organizational goals Synergizing IT with HR Managing diverse workforce

Managerial functions of HRM

Planning- plan & research about wage trends, labour mkt etc

Organizing- manpower and resources

Staffing- recruitment & selection

Directing- issuance of orders and instructions to follow plan of action

Controlling – to regulate the activities

Operational Functions of HRM

Procurement- planning, Recruitment & Selection, Induction &

Placement

Development – T & D, Career Planning & Counseling

Compensation- Wage & Salary administration

Integration

Maintenance – improving work conditions, retentions

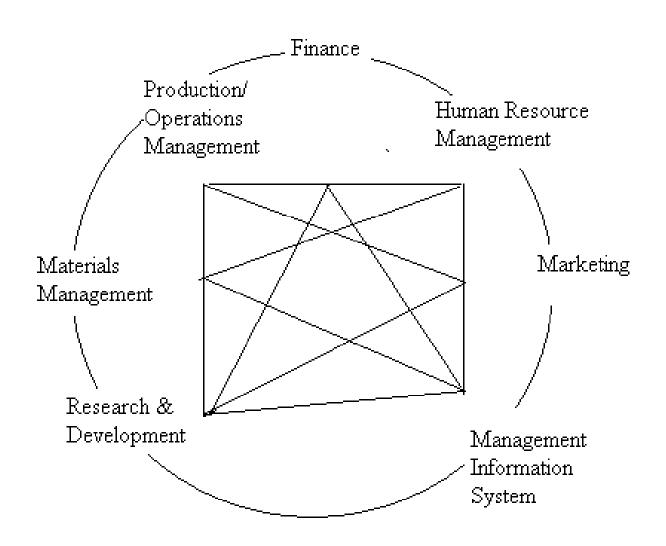
Separation - caused by resignations, retirement, death, medical reasons

etc

CHALLENGES OF HRM IN INDIAN ECONOMY

- > World becoming a Global Village eg-GE, ranbaxy, Glaxo, TCS
- ➤ Corporate Re-organizations eg- Air India & IA,
- New Organizational Structures- Virtual, boundary less, flat, Wipro diversfcn soaps, edible oils etc Forward & Backward Intg Backward integration M&As
- Diverse workforce- eg. Teenagers, Nuclear families, working mothers etc Gen Y
- ➤ Change in Employee Expectations- more of benefits
- People Focus concept of flexi time –huges software, L&T nanhi kali, TCS joined Tata Mgmt Training Center for balance scorecard & other systems like PMS, Protection of Interests of Weaker sections
- > Employee Engagement
- >Attrition

Approaches to HRM / Interdisciplinary Approaches



1950s	2000s	Broad Banding
Multiple Layers	Flat/ Delayered	Few levels
Mfg/ lab intensive	Very less control	Empowerment
Autocratic	Team Focused	Merit Pay
Centralized	Adaptive/ Mobility	
Tight ownership	Flexible	Few Rules
Individual Contributors	Decentralized	Market Driven
Narrow Responsibilities	Externally Focused	

Line & Staff Relationships in Organizations

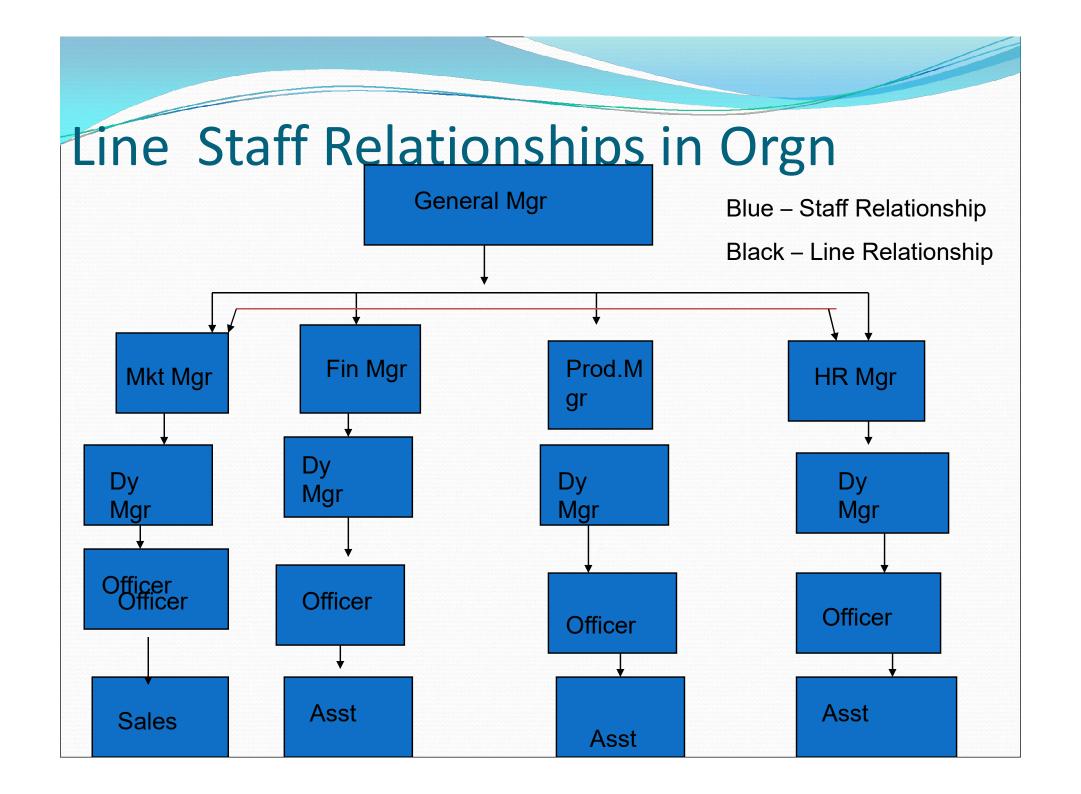
Relationship which the managers in an organization deal with one another are classified into two categories

Line and staff

Line Relationship - authority and responsibility

Receiving and giving instructions or orders. Important as one gets work done through people.

Staff Relationship -giving and taking of advice

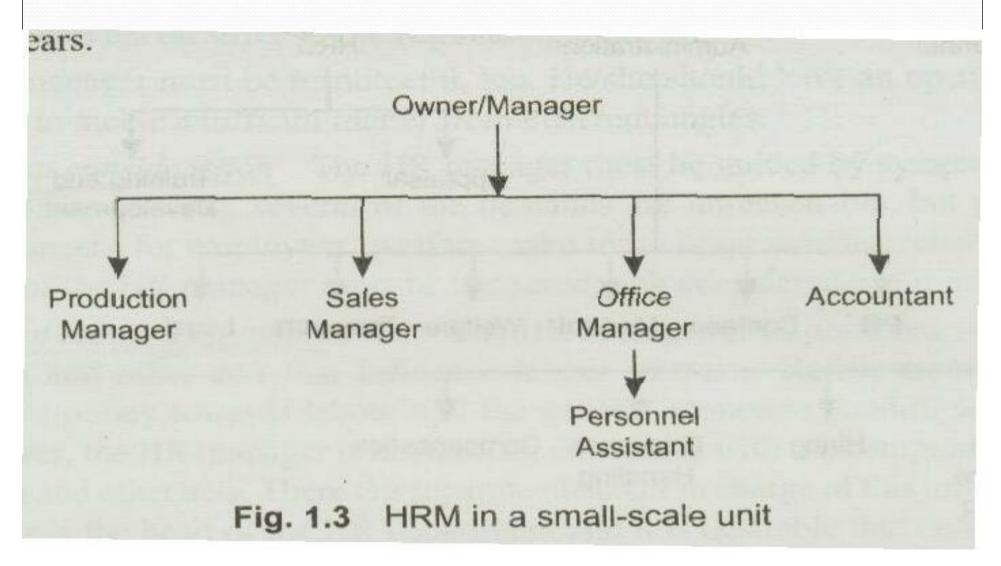


Organization of Personnel Department

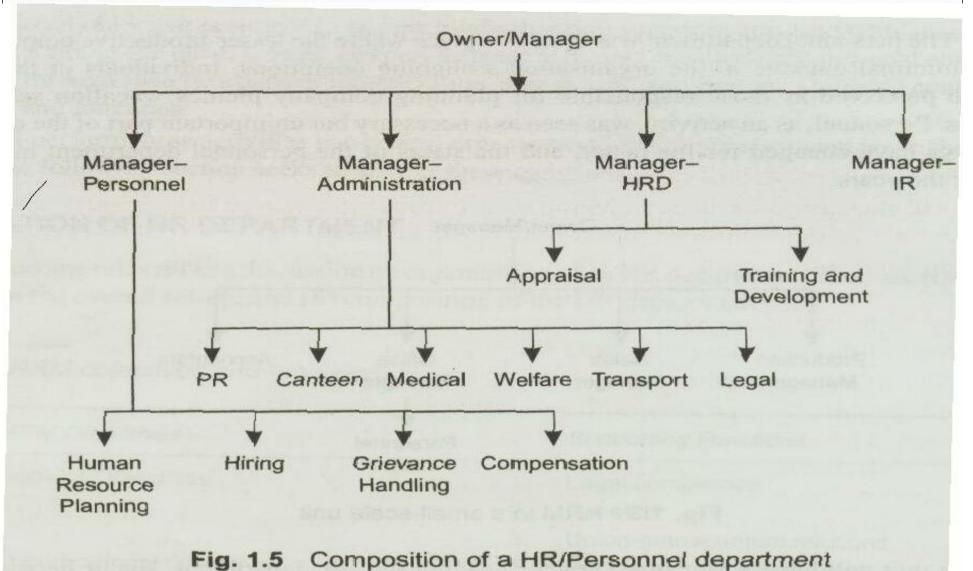
- 1. Its concerned with the relationships of management to employees
- 2. Its concerned with the relationships of employees to employees in all matter
- 3. Personnel department is staff department and has a structure of line type
- 4. Organization of personnel function depends on the size, structure, range and depth of actions, needs, capacities, nature and location of organization.
- 5. The degree to which the organization takes personnel function seriously

Scale of operations large – a separate department is essential

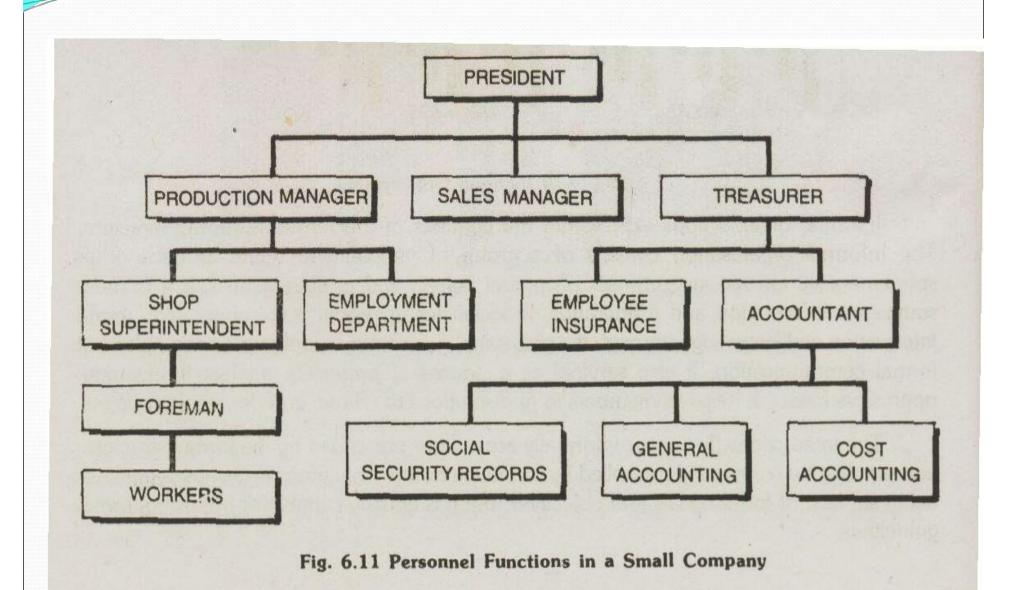
Organizational Structure Personnel Department



Organizational Structure Personnel Department

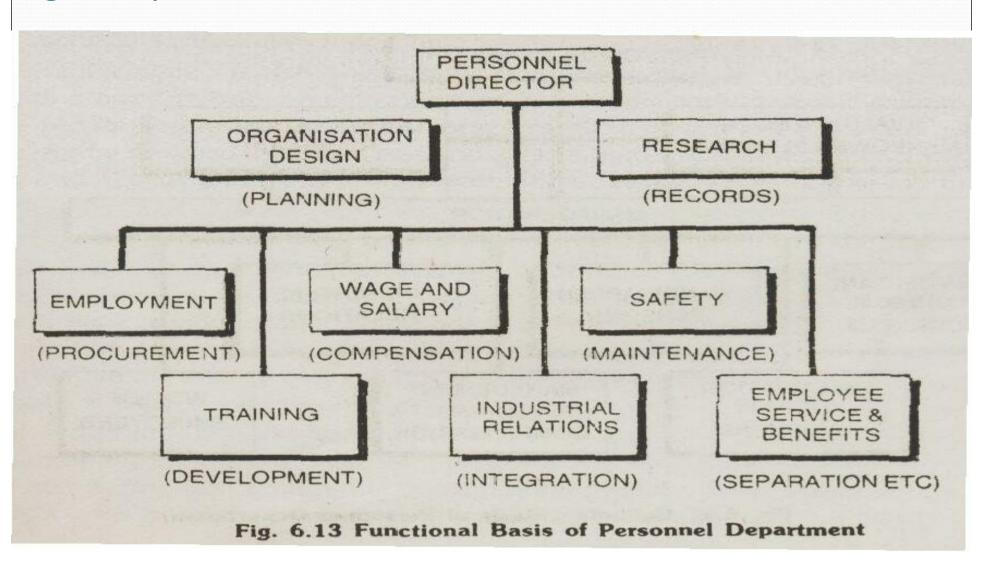


Personnel Department



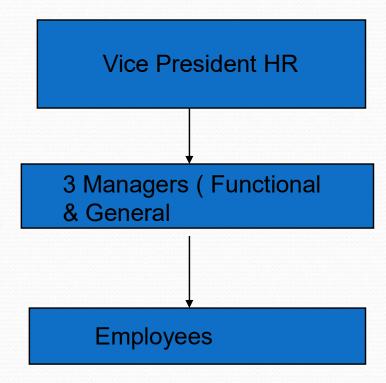
Personnel Department

Eg- Hospitals



Personnel Department Eg-FMCG colgate Palmovlie

Levels of Management 3
HR Dept

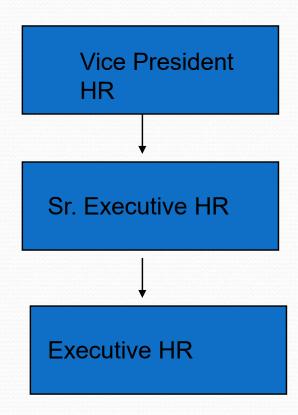


Personnel Department -g- Pharma cos Merck

Organization Structure

Levels of Management 3

HR Dept Structure

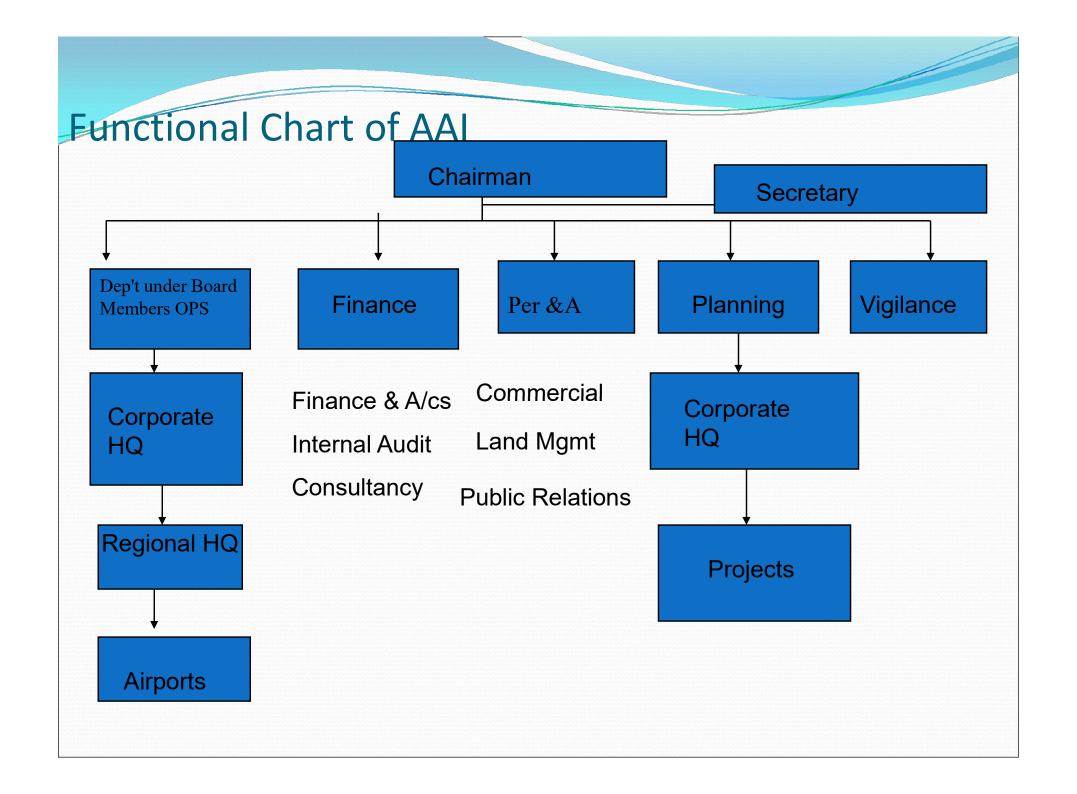


Responsibility of Personnel Specialist

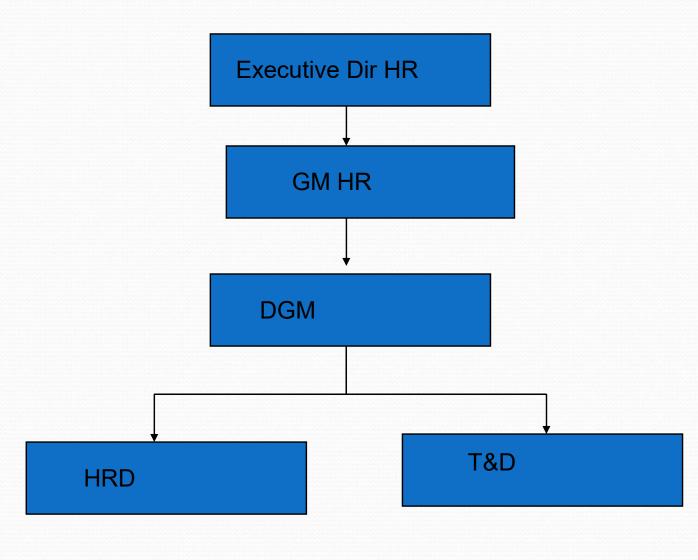
- >Human Resource Planning
- ➤ Formulation of Programmes & Procedures
- Employee Health & Safety Programmes
- >Training and Development of Personnel
- ➤ Wage & Salary Administration
- ➤ Good Labour Management Relations Grievance handling
- ➤ Employee Benefit Programmes
- ► Personnel Research
- ➤ Personnel Audit & Review Work

Airport Authority of India

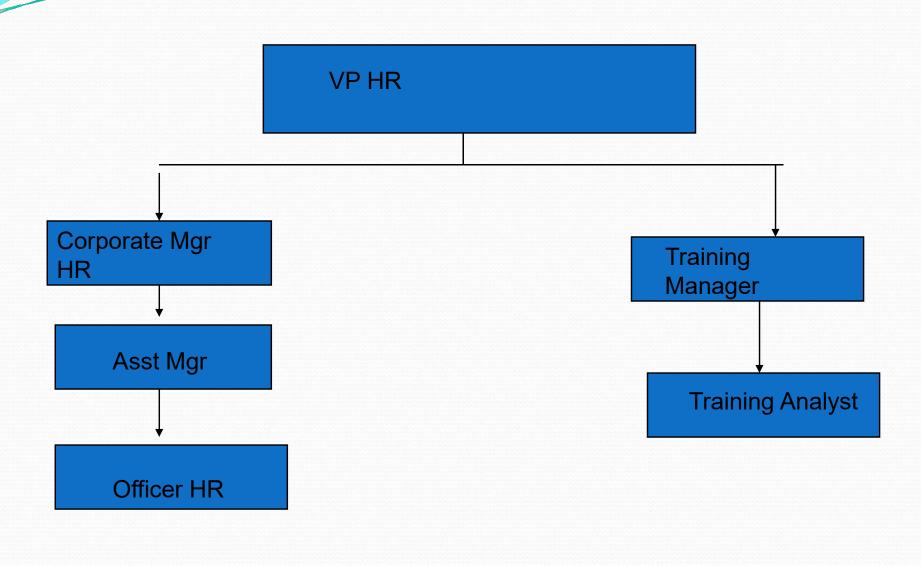
- Functions of Personnel Department
- > Formulating policies & procedure
- Manpower Planning
- ➤ Training & Development
- ➤ Recruitment & Promotion
- Service Condition
- Wage & Salary Administration
- ➤ PAS & Counseling
- > Formulation of various welfare schemes



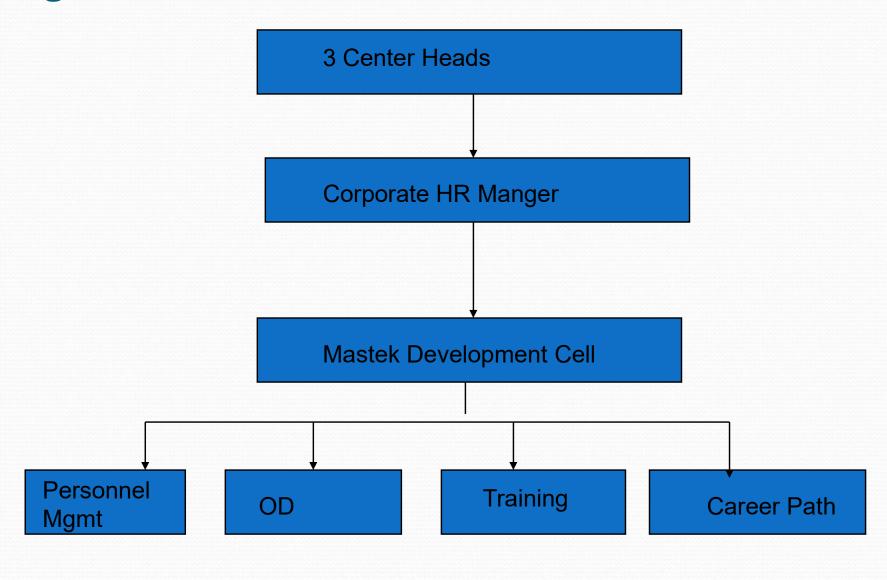
Personnel Department Indian Oil Corporation



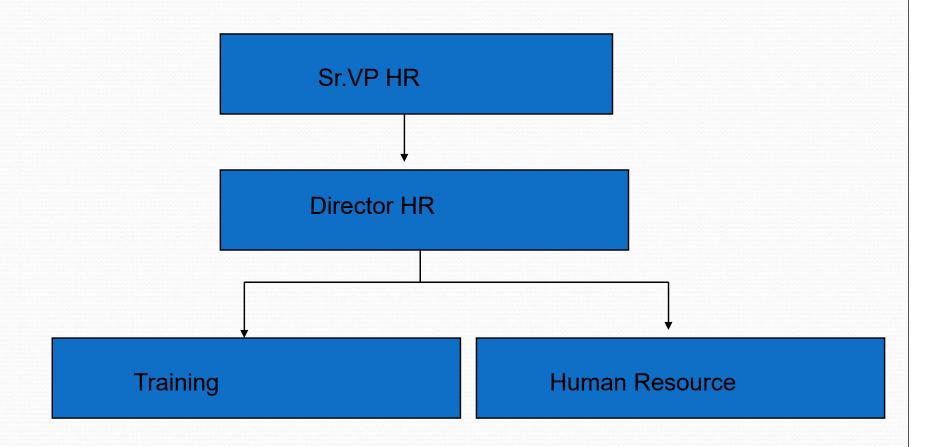
HR/Personnel Dept Shoppers Stop



Mastek A mix of functional & Matrix Organization



Oberoi Hotels



Summary

HRM is a tool that helps managers to plan, recruit, select, train, develop, remunerate, motivate and make maximum utilization of human and non human resources for the organization and society at large.

"One machine can do the work of fifty ordinary men. No machine can do the work of one extraordinary man." - Elbert Hubbard